



Cambridge IGCSE™

PHYSICS

0625/32

Paper 3 Theory (Core)

March 2021

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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This document consists of **10** printed pages.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	(kinetic energy / it) increases	B1
	(because) speed / velocity (of box) increases OR faster	B1
1(b)	(gravitational potential energy) decreases	M1
	(because) height (of box) decreases	A1
1(c)(i)	any indication on graph / in text that horizontal section represents steady speed	C1
	10 (m / s)	A1
1(c)(ii)	(resultant vertical force =) zero OR 0 (N)	B1
1(d)	distance = area under graph OR $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$	C1
	(distance =) $\frac{1}{2} \times 6.0 \times 45$	C1
	135 (m)	A1
1(e)	deceleration (line) is steeper OR higher gradient than acceleration (line)	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	(volume =) difference in candidate's readings	C1
	24 (cm ³)	A1
2(b)	(density =) mass $\div$ volume	C1
	(density =) $98.4 \div 41.0$	C1
	2.4(0) (g / cm ³)	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)	idea that mass is (a measure of) amount of matter in a body	B1
	idea that weight is a gravitational force	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	(moment of force =) force $\times$ (perpendicular) distance of force from pivot	B1
	5.2×6.0	B1
	31.2	B1
3(b)	(sum of) clockwise moment(s) = (sum of) anticlockwise moment(s)	C1
	$P \times 2.0 + 8.1 \times 2.0 = 5.2 \times 6.0$ OR 31.2 OR answer from (a)	C1
	$P = (31.2 - 16.2) \div 2.0$ OR $15 \div 2.0$	C1
	7.5 (N)	A1

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	(part A) turbine	B1
	(part B) generator	B1
4(b)	any 2 valid examples of renewable energy from: sunlight wind wave hydroelectric biofuels/biomass tidal	B2
4(c)	any 2 from: does not produce carbon dioxide OR does not contribute to global warming no sulphur dioxide or nitrous oxides produced no mining needed for fuel	B2

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	(weight =) $\text{mass} \times g$ OR 1.6×10 OR $\text{mass} = W \div g$	C1
	(weight =) 16 (N)	A1
5(a)(ii)	(pressure =) $\text{force} \div \text{area}$	C1
	(pressure =) $16 \div 18$	C1
	(pressure =) 0.89 (N / cm ²)	A1
5(b)	1 (volume of block) increases	B1
	2 (mass) remains constant	B1
	3 (density) decreases	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(i)	angle of incidence correctly identified (with $\times$ between normal and incident ray)	B1
6(a)(ii)	refraction	B1
6(a)(iii)	normal (line)	B1
6(b)(i)	62°	B1
6(b)(ii)	reflection	C1
	total internal reflection	A1
6(c)	ray refracted away from normal	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	1 (amplitude of wave = arrow) R	B1
	2 (wavelength of wave = arrow) S	B1
7(b)	(frequency =) number of (complete) waves per second	C1
	(frequency =) $12 \div 8$	C1
	1.5 (Hz)	A1
7(c)	vibration(s) OR oscillation(s)	B1
	in transverse waves is / are perpendicular / at right angles to the direction of energy transfer / wave travel	B1
	in longitudinal waves is / are in same direction OR parallel to the direction of energy transfer / wave travel	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)(i)	(plotting) compass OR iron filings	B1
	detail of method	B1
	use of (plotting) compass to give direction of field	B1
8(a)(ii)	steel	B1
8(b)(i)	reverse magnetic field owtte OR reverse current in wire	B1
8(b)(ii)	force is weaker	B1
	(because) magnetic field is weaker	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)	$V = IR$ or $(R =) V / I$	C1
	$5.6 \div 0.04$	C1
	140 (Ω)	A1
9(b)	(current in thermistor) increases	B1
	(because) resistance of thermistor decreases	B1
9(c)	fire / high temperature alarm / warning	B1

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	electrocution OR overheating / fire	B1
10(b)	large current (in fuse)	B1
	(causes) fuse / it to melt	B1
	isolating appliance from supply OR prevents current in appliance OR breaks circuit	B1
10(c)	$V_s / V_p = N_s / N_p$	C1
	$V_s / 120 = 200 / 2000$ OR $V_s = 120 \times 200 / 2000$ OR $V_s = 120 / 10$	C1
	12 (V)	A1
10(d)	(soft) iron	B1

Question	Answer				Marks
11(a)		carbon-12	carbon-14		3
	number of electrons	6	6	B1	
	number of protons	6	6	B1	
	number of neutrons	6	8	B1	
11(b)	any indication on graph of line from 8000				C1
	5600 (years)				A1